

Hazards	Risks	Who might be harmed	Risk level	Control measure already in use	Effectiveness of those control measures
Use of tools: Spades, forks , secateurs, loppers, slashers etc	Cuts and bruises Eye injuries Damage to loppers and secateurs	Staff Volunteers Public	Moderate	 Instruction given in use of tools Keep loppers away from face and eyes Keep two lopper length distance from other workers Do not attempt to cut anything thicker than thumb with loppers or secateurs Assessment of each volunteer on how they use tools 	High
Lifting and moving heavy objects	Back and other injuries.	Staff Volunteers Public	Low	 Lift in appropriate manner The assistance of other employees / volunteers should always be sought for moving large quantities or for lifting heavy and awkward loads. When lifting in a team, take instructions from one person only. 	High
Litter, metal, glass, hypodermic needles	Cuts, puncture, toxic poisoning	Staff Volunteers Public	Low	 Inspect site prior to work All staff and volunteers to wear gloves when working on site Use litter-pickers for removal of litter, glass etc Volunteers to be told not to touch hypodermic needles but report finding to member of staff for safe removal 	High
Dog faeces	Toxocara Canis (micro-organism in dog faeces which can cause blindness in children)	Staff Volunteers Public	Low	 If dog faeces come into contact with skin or clothes, wash with soap and water without delay 	High
Brambles and thorny bushes Nettles	Scratches, stings Cuts and punctures Eye injuries	Staff Volunteers Public	Moderate	 Wear gloves and use litter-pickers to remove rubbish from brambles and other thorny bushes Wear long sleeves to protect arms Exercise caution when pulling out long stretches of bramble Pile bramble cuttings in specified area Exercise caution when carrying brambles 	High



Adverse weather – extremes	Sunstroke etc	Staff	Low	Staff and volunteers etc. to wear suitable clothing and	High
of hot, cold, wet	Slipping on wet mud	Volunteers Public		footwear in the likelihood of adverse weather	
Steep banks, uneven paths, steps, ground	Slips, trips, falls	Staff Volunteers Public	Low	 Paths and steps checked regularly for obstructions etc. Inspect site prior to work Warn about potential trip hazards Ensure stout footwear is worn Ensure volunteers do not walk on steep slopes of banks near water For volunteers with physical impairments that effect walking i.e. those with walking sticks, wheelchairs, walkers, mobility scooters etc., ensure they know which paths are accessible for them and which aren't. Not all paths are wheelchair accessible. 	High
Damaged tools	Risk of splinters and other injuries	Staff Volunteers Public	Moderate	 Check handles smooth and free from splinters Check blades and prongs not split Check pickaxes and sledgehammers 	High
Carrying tools (spade, pickaxe, sledgehammer, fork, mattock)	Injury to person carrying tools and to others	Staff Volunteers Public	Low	 Brief all participants at start on safe use and carriage of tools Carry tools at their point of balance, down by your side and with blades or tines pointing forward 	High
Tools on site	Trips, falls Theft of tools	Staff Volunteers Public	Low	 Keep site tidy Ensure unused tools stored safely in allocated area. Always lay spades, forks or shovels flat with blade or tines pointing downwards Keep all tools within sight 	High
Giant Hogweed: invasive species	Poisonous sap can cause blistering and severe irritation	Staff Volunteers	Moderate	 Instruct volunteer that this must not be handled, even if wearing fgloves Identification of plant provided for all participants Information provided about the identified risks Wash skin which has been in contact with plant 	High



Japanese Knotweed: invasive species	Scratches, Splinters Eye injuries Rhizones	Staff Volunteers Public	Moderate	 Wear long sleeves and gloves when handling Identification of plant provided for all participants Footwear should be thoroughly cleaned before leaving the site. 	High
Himalayan Balsam: invasive specie	Spread of plant	Staff Volunteers Public	Moderate	 Identification of plant provided for all participants To reduce the spread of Himalayan balsam care should be given when handling All cuttings should be piled in a specified area. Footwear should be thoroughly cleaned before leaving the site. Do not pull whilst seed heads a visible 	High
Digging and use of pickaxe / mattock	Back strain Injury to foot Injury to fellow volunteers	Staff Volunteers Public	Moderate	 Use leg muscles when digging and keep back straight Do not use instep to depress spade Ensure stout footwear is worn Make sure there is two handle-lengths distance between you and anybody else Avoid wearing gloves when swinging tools 	High
Bee stings	Allergic reaction	Staff Volunteers Public	Moderate	Project Co-ordinator / Group leader to be aware of potential problem	High

Reviewed: 14th June 2024 (Maria Gill, Green Corridors Officer).

Approved: 11th July 2023 (Jonathan Dent, Green Corridors Manager)



Print Name	Signature	Date
6 th September 2019		

06th September 2019